

FIBER OPTIC MEMS SWITCH

*for specialty fibers
or
Polarisation-
Maintaining Fibers*

OVERVIEW

The **sercalo** sn series are opto-mechanical switches for the most demanding applications in fiber optic sensor systems and instrumentation. The switch is available in 1x1, 1x2, 2x2 and 1x4 variants. The switch mechanism is available in either latching or non latching variants and has a very fast response time below 1 ms and below 1.5 dB insertion loss. The single mode switch is available for a number of specialty fibers covering design wavelengths such as 488 nm, 515 nm, 633 nm, 680 nm, 780 nm, 830 nm, 980 nm and 1064 nm. The 1x2 and 2x2 variants can also be made with polarisation maintaining PANDA fibers.

The miniature package withstands rugged environments and is well suited for direct mounting on printed circuit boards. The switch is qualified according to Telcordia GR 1221.

APPLICATIONS

- Instrumentation
- Source selection

FEATURES

- reliable
- specialty fibers
- 1.5 dB insertion loss
- 1 ms response time
- low PDL
- 60 dB crosstalk
- miniature size
- 2x2, 2x1, 1x1 variants

Contact:

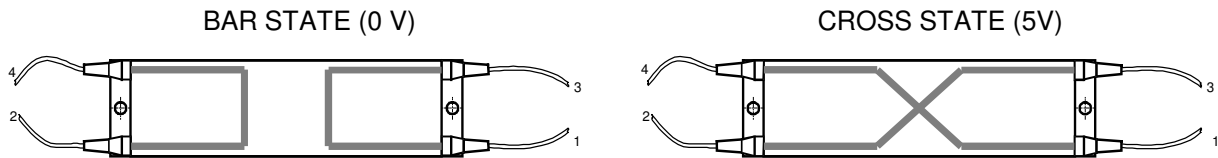
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DESCRIPTION

The **sercalo** switches are composed of an optical subsystem and an electrical driver interface. The optical switching function is realised by a silicon MEMS chip, on which a mirror can be moved in and out of the optical path by electrostatic actuation. In the latching *SL* variants a bistable suspension mechanism keeps the last selected state in power off. In the non-latching *SN* variants the switch returns into the bar state when electrical power is removed.

To operate the switch 5V and 0V are applied on the supply pins, which are used by the internal DC-DC converter to supply a high voltage for the actuator control. CMOS or TTL logic levels on the control pins switch the high voltage on the electrostatic actuator. To set the switch state in the *latching variant*, pin 2 respectively pin 3 are set to logic high (5V) for 10 ms and the corresponding switch state is selected. At rest pins 3 and 4 should be pulled to 0 V and must not be floating.

In the *non-latching variant* only pin 2 is used to set the state of the switch. To set the cross state pin 3 must be at logic high. When pin 3 goes to logic low, or at power off, the switch returns into the bar state.



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

	Unit	Min	Typ	Max
Switch				
Wavelength Range	nm	Cut off	~Cut Off +200 nm	
Insertion Loss ¹	dB		0.7	1.5
Crosstalk	dB		75	60
Backreflection	dB		55	50
Polarisation Dependent Loss	dB		0.02	0.05
Polarisation Extinction Ratio ²	dB	18	24	
Repeatability ³	dB			0.001
Switching Time	ms		0.5	1
Durability	cycles		1 billion	
Package				
Voltage	V	4	5	5.25
Power Consumption	mW		5	10
Operation Temperature	°C	0		70
Storage Temperature	°C	-40		85
Size (L x W x H)	mm		40x16.5x9.5	

¹ for 1x2, 2x2 switch, excluding connector loss. For 1x4 switch $IL_{max} < 3.0$ dB ² with Panda fibers for 1x2 and 2x2 only.
³ value for constant temperature and polarisation

ORDERING INFORMATION

